

Motorcyclist Knowledge Test Questions for Driver Manual
(questions 1-4 are from AAMVA NMDTS)

1. Motorcyclists:
 - a. are easy to see and judge their speed and distance
 - b. may share a traffic lane with a passenger vehicle
 - c. have the right to use the full lane width*

2. Motorcyclists have a greater risk of injury in any collision with another vehicle because:
 - a. they have very little protection, just the gear they wear*
 - b. they are allowed to drive faster than other roadway users
 - c. other roadway users do not expect to see motorcyclists

3. When you see a motorcyclist with their turn signal on:
 - a. assume it is turning
 - b. do not assume it is turning*
 - c. flash your headlights at them

4. When following a motorcyclist, _____ your following distance.
 - a. decrease
 - b. maintain
 - c. increase*

5. When changing lanes around a motorcyclist and other roadway users always:
 - a. check your blind spots*
 - b. rely on your mirrors
 - c. slow down

6. In general, motorcyclists:
 - a. are difficult to see in traffic*
 - b. can avoid crashes easier than car drivers
 - c. always have the right-of-way

7. Because motorcycles are smaller and more difficult to see than cars:
 - a. it allows them to exceed the speed limit
 - b. they may share the travel lane with you
 - c. it is harder to judge their speed and distance*

8. When you want to pass a motorcyclist, you must:
 - a. encourage the motorcyclist to move onto the shoulder
 - b. share the lane, but keep to the left side
 - c. leave space by adjusting your lane position*

9. When turning left in front of an oncoming motorcyclist with their turn signal on:
 - a. turn quickly and allow room for the motorcyclist
 - b. speed up and sound your horn to alert the motorcyclist
 - c. wait to be sure the motorcyclist is going to turn *

10. You may not expect to see a motorcyclist on the roadway, therefore:
 - a. you need to constantly search for motorcyclists*
 - b. you do not need to search for motorcyclists
 - c. motorcyclists always have the right-of-way

11. When being passed by a motorcyclist, you should:
 - a. speed up
 - b. maintain your speed*
 - c. move to the right

12. Advanced Driver-Assistance Systems (ADAS) safety features:
 - a. always detect motorcycles
 - b. may not detect motorcycles*
 - c. never detect motorcycles

Motorcyclist Knowledge Test Questions for Driver Education

1. Before proceeding through or turning at an intersection, to ensure you see motorcyclists, you should:
 - a. speed up to get through the intersection to avoid motorcyclists
 - b. search for all roadway users including motorcyclists*
 - c. honk your horn to warn other roadway users and motorcyclists

2. You may fail to detect a motorcyclist in traffic because:
 - a. of selective attention*
 - b. they didn't use their horn
 - c. they are easy to see

Note: This question is incompatible with question #3.

3. Selective attention is when your:
 - a. brain gives higher priority to what you expect*
 - b. attention is divided between multiple tasks
 - c. mind is more likely to see things that you don't expect

Note: This question is incompatible with question #2.

4. Motorcyclists are vulnerable road users because they:
 - a. drive fast on the roadway
 - b. are less likely to be injured in a crash
 - c. have very little protection*

Note: This question is incompatible with question #5.

5. Which of the following is a vulnerable road user?
 - a. car driver
 - b. large truck driver
 - c. motorcyclist*

Note: This question is incompatible with question #4.

6. Which of the following is true regarding motorcyclists? They:
 - a. should be followed at a greater distance*
 - b. are small and can be easily seen by drivers
 - c. can avoid crashes easier than car drivers

7. The majority of motorcyclist fatal crashes:
 - a. occur with another motor vehicle*
 - b. only occur when the rider is impaired
 - c. happen when struck from the rear

8. Motorcyclists:
 - a. are more difficult to see in traffic*
 - b. must share a lane with another vehicle
 - c. are easier to see in traffic

9. When passing a motorcyclist, you should:
 - a. check your mirrors and blind spots*
 - b. drive close to the motorcyclist
 - c. share the lane with the motorcyclist

10. When turning left, what should you do to prevent crashing into a motorcyclist?
 - a. look left, look right, continue scanning, anticipate motorcyclists and proceed slowly*
 - b. slow down and sound your horn to alert the motorcyclist of your presence
 - c. make eye contact, then accelerate quickly through the intersection to avoid motorcyclists

11. What increases your ability to see a motorcyclist?
 - a. selected attention
 - b. thoroughly searching traffic*
 - c. following closer